# Paul Robbins training and consultancy

#### Management Accounting: Decision and Control

### Life Cycle Costing

#### **Exercise 1 Model Answer**

You work for a company which is considering developing and launching a new product. You have been provided with the following financial information relating to the new product:

- Product development and testing would cost £1.5m immediately and a further £0.8m in one year's time
- Marketing would cost £0.5m in one year's time and a further £0.2m for each of the next two years
- Variable costs per unit will be £4 and the selling price per unit will be £8
- Fixed production costs that relate only to this product would be £0.5m for each year of production. Production and sales will take place in the same year
- The company already incurs fixed costs of £4m relating to other products and these costs will continue
- Sales will be as follows (based on the start of the project being Year 0)

Year	Units Sold
Year 2	0.4m units
Year 3	0.9m units
Year 4	0.3m units

# The company's cost of capital is 7% and relevant discount factors are:

Year	Discount Factor
0	1.000
1	0.935
2	0.873
3	0.816
4	0.763

### <u>Tasks</u>

Using the discounted cash flow technique, calculate whether it is worthwhile developing and launching the new product.

Year	Details	Cash Inflow £000	Cash Outflow £000	Discount Factor	Present Value £000	
0	Product Development		1,500	1.000	(1,500)	
1	Product Development		800			
	Marketing		500			
	Net Total Year 1		1,300	0.935	(1,216)	
2	Marketing		200			
	Sales Revenue	3,200				
	Variable Costs		1,600			
	Fixed Costs		500			
	Net Total Year 2	900		0.873	786	
3	Marketing		200			
	Sales Revenue	7,200				
	Variable Costs		3,600			
	Fixed Costs		500			
	Net Total Year 3	2,900		0.816	2,366	
4	Sales Revenue	2,400				
	Variable Costs		1,200			
	Fixed Costs		500			
	Net Total Year 4	700		0.763	534	
	Net Present Value					